

Due Friday, October 19th, 2007

**1. Singular value decomposition and eigenvalues:**

- (a) Generate a  $100 \times 50$  matrix  $X$  with i.i.d.  $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  entries. Compute the singular value decomposition of  $X$  using `svd` in R. Report the diagonal entries in the  $D$  matrix.
- (b) Write the SVD of  $X$  as  $X = UDV'$ . In this case, the sample covariance matrix

$$A = X'X/100,$$

show that  $A = VD^2V'/100$ .

- (c) From our data generation procedure, we know the covariance matrix for  $X$  is identity  $I_{50}$ , whose eigenvalue is 1 with multiplicity 50. What are the eigenvalues for the sample covariance matrix  $A$ ?
- (d) Generate a larger  $1000 \times 500$  matrix  $Y$  with i.i.d.  $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  entries. Make a QQ-plot for the eigenvalues for the sample covariance matrix of  $Y$  (use `svd` to find them) against those of  $A$  in part (c). What phenomenon do you see? What does it mean?

**2. Robust regression method:**

- (a) Read the help file for `r1m` in R and answer the following questions:
- What are the default initial values for the coefficients?
  - What is the default weight for the observations?
  - What is the default fitting method for the function?

- (b) Generate a data set in R as the following:

```
> x <- 1:50
> y <- 4 + 2 * x + rnorm(50, mean = 0, sd = 0.8)
> y[35:40] <- 7 + x[35:40]^2
```

Fit a linear regression of  $y$  on  $x$  using least square estimation.

- (c) Fit a robust linear regression of  $y$  on  $x$  using the default method in `r1m`. Make a plot of your fit and compare with your results in part (b).